

NOTICE TO THE PROFESSION AND PUBLIC

STREAMLINED TRIAL PROCESS – FAMILY ACTIONS Revised January 12, 2026

This Notice outlines the procedure to have an Action set down for adjudication by a Streamlined Trial, per amendments to the [Alberta Rules of Court](#) which came into effect January 1, 2024.

Purpose of Streamlined Trials

It is in the interests of the parties and any children affected by the proceedings to have a dispute resolved by the most timely, efficient, and inexpensive method. A Streamlined Trial is conducted under Part 8, Division 5 of the *Rules of Court* and is used when an Action can be fairly and justly resolved by the streamlined process, and that process is proportionate to the importance and complexity of the issues, the amounts involved, and the resources that can reasonably be allocated to resolving the dispute: R. 8.25(1).

Requesting a Streamlined Trial

Subject to any Order of the Court, the Court's [Mandatory Requirements](#), including an alternative dispute resolution process on the matters in dispute, must be completed before a party makes a request for the matter to proceed to a Streamlined Trial.

A party who wishes to have their dispute resolved by a Streamlined Trial may make that request to the assigned MIT/Case Conference Justice without filing a Form 36. If the MIT/Case Conference Justice determines that the matter may be suitable for determination by way of a Streamlined Trial, they will: confirm the suitability for a Streamlined Trial; and finalize the Streamlined Trial Order. A template Streamlined Trial Order is available at this link:

[https://www.albertacourts.ca/docs/default-source/qb/order---streamlined-trial-\(family\).docx](https://www.albertacourts.ca/docs/default-source/qb/order---streamlined-trial-(family).docx).

If a Streamlined Trial is being proposed by any party, then prior to the MIT Case Conference, each party must provide the Court with a draft Streamlined Trial Order. If property is in issue, a property statement must also be provided by each party, with line items aligned for ease of review by the Justice and the opposing party. If retroactive child or spousal support is in issue, each party must also provide a concise summary of their retroactive support claim.

If there is a dispute about whether the matter is suitable for a Streamlined Trial

process, the Case Conference Justice may resolve that issue in a summary manner, relying on the pleadings, statements by the parties of the issues to be resolved at the Streamlined Trial, outlines of evidence that would be called at the Streamlined Trial, and any other relevant information: R 8.27

Actions can be suitable for the Streamlined Trial Process even if issues of credibility may arise, some oral evidence will be required, or expert evidence is expected to be introduced: R. 8.25(2).

The following types of cases may be appropriate for the streamlined trial process:

- family property actions, where the property is not complex;
- spousal/adult interdependent partner support claims;
- child support claims;
- income determination;
- retroactive support claims;
- some types of parenting issues.

Parties are discouraged from having multiple Streamlined Trials in the same Action.

Unless waived by the Court, an alternative dispute resolution process is mandatory for family matters before a matter can proceed to a Streamlined Trial.

The Streamlined Trial Order

The parties must obtain an Order permitting the use of the Streamlined Trial Process: R. 8.26(1). While the process cannot be invoked by consent, the parties are encouraged to reach a consensus on the use of the process and the form of [Streamlined Trial Order](#) for the first Case Conference.

The Streamlined Trial Order may provide oral evidence at a Streamlined Trial.

Scheduling a Streamlined Trial

Unless otherwise authorized in the Streamlined Trial Order, a Streamlined Trial is scheduled by submitting a [Trial Booking Form](#), paying the appropriate fee, and providing a copy of the Streamlined Trial Order to the Court Coordinator designated for Family Trials. Unless the Streamlined Trial Order dispensed with the need for a Form 37, a [Form 37](#), modified to meet the requirements of the Streamlined Trial process, must also be provided by the party indicated in the Streamlined Trial Order.

The parties must attend a pretrial Conference or a Conference under Rule 4.10 no later than three months before the scheduled trial date to confirm that the parties have complied with the pre-trial requirements contained in the Streamlined Trial Order and will be ready to proceed to trial: R. 8.29(4). A date for the pretrial Conference or a Conference under Rule 4.10 will be provided by the Court Coordinator upon submission of a Booking Request form by the parties. One week prior to attending the

pretrial Conference or Conference under Rule 4.10 the parties must provide a Case Conference Summary confirming compliance with the Summary Trial Order and readiness for trial.

Three months or more before the scheduled Streamlined Trial date, each party must confirm, in [Form 39](#), that they will be a) be ready to proceed with the Summary Trial on the scheduled trial date and b) have attended the pretrial Conference or Conference under Rule 4.10: R. 8.29(4), R. 8.29(5), R. 8.7. If only one party confirms trial readiness, the scheduled date for the trial remains unless otherwise ordered. If no party confirms trial readiness, the trial date is cancelled.

If the matter was scheduled for a regular trial but the issues have since been narrowed such that a Streamlined Trial is appropriate, they may seek to have the matter converted to a Streamlined Trial at the pretrial Conference or Conference under Rule 4.10. The party or parties seeking this relief should file a draft Streamlined Trial Order in addition to the Case Conference Summary.

Preparing for the Streamlined Trial

Where a Streamlined Trial has been ordered, the parties have a joint responsibility to identify the real issues in dispute (the questions that the Court must answer), agree on relevant and material facts that are not in dispute, ensure that only relevant and material evidence necessary to resolve the dispute is contained in the trial record, and organize the record and the evidence to expedite the Streamlined Trial and assist the Trial Judge: R. 8.28 The parties must also determine whether any third parties will provide evidence and in what form, whether it will be necessary to have oral evidence, including cross examination at trial, and whether any expert reports can be entered into evidence by consent. All of these things should be addressed in the Streamlined Trial Order. All parties have an obligation to prepare a record that will allow for an efficient adjudication: R. 8.28.

Evidence and Procedure at the Streamlined Trial

The Rules in Part 8, Divisions 3 and 4 apply to Streamlined Trials, with all necessary modifications and subject to the Streamlined Trial Order, any Procedural Order, or any Practice Note: R. 8.30(1).

Subject to Rule 13.18(3), the rules of evidence, any contrary direction, and the Streamlined Trial Order, evidence at a Streamlined Trial shall be entered by Affidavit: R 8.30(2).

Subject to the right of the Trial Judge to set procedure at the trial, the procedure at the Streamlined Trial will be as provided for in the Streamlined Trial Order.

A Streamlined Trial is a full trial on the merits, and the presiding Judge shall grant judgment at the end of the trial: R 8.31.

Unless the Chief Justice otherwise directs, if a Streamlined Trial is adjourned after the commencement of the trial, the assigned trial Judge shall remain seized of the matter.